## Town Lane Infant School – Y1 Science Long Term Plan

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Theme   Science	Where does our   food come from?   Health week-wk 8   Are all trees like   Rosie?   Study of Rosie the   oak tree in our   school grounds.   Habitats   Structure of Plants   & Trees   Seasonal Changes   Rosie's Diary	Autumn 2Did My Grandparents play with the same toys as me?Materials 1 - Identifying a range of materialsClassifying and grouping materialsInvestigation - Naughty bus knocked over juice - what would be best to wipe it up?	Do meerkats live at the South Pole? Animals & Habitats Seasonal Changes Why are meerkats suited to living in the Kalahari? Which animals live in cold places such as the North and South Pole? Seasonal changes – Winter	Eco project –wildlife Wirral The lost words Animals and Habitats Deciduous / evergreen Healthy plant? Structure of a plant Identify and label plants ICT research Seasonal changes - Spring	How do scientists investigate? Animals / Humans Seasonal Changes How do we use our senses	How do we enjoy the Great British Summer Time? Weather Seasonal Changes Rosie's Diary
National Curriculum Objectives	Pupils should be taught to: identify and name a variety of common wild and garden	Pupils should be taught to: distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made	Rosie's Diary Pupils should be taught to: identify and name a variety of common animals including fish,	Pupils should be taught to: identify and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles,	Pupils should be taught to: describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish,	Pupils should be taught to: identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including

der eve ide str var flor	ants, including eciduous and vergreen trees lentify and escribe the basic ructure of a uriety of common owering plants, cluding trees.	identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock - describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials - compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties.	amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals - identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores.	birds and mammals identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees. identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees.	amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals, including pets) identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense.	deciduous and evergreen trees - identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees.
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Working Scientifically asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways. observing closely, using simple equipment performing simple tests. identifying and classifying using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions	Is the oldest person the tallest? (link to birthdays) different asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in ways Observing changes over time (Seasons) Pattern seeking	Which material is best for a window on the naughty bus? Comparative/Fair testing (testing suitable materials)	Penguin blubber experiment Identifying and classifying/Scientif ic Research. Performing simple tests and simple equipment.	Tally When are there more birds? Identifying and classifying/Scientific Research. Observing and using ideas to answer questions.	Do we use our nose to taste? Observing and using ideas to answer questions.	Temperature changes throughout year Changes in sunlight Can the person with the longest arm reach the highest? (paint on finger) Observing changes over time (Seasons) Pattern seeking